PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

(Chapter II of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference 80449 WO	FOR FURTHER ACTION	See Form PCT/IPEA/416			
International application No. PCT/EP2004/001870	International filing date (day/mont) 25.02.2004	th/year) Priority date (day/month/year) 08.12.2003			
International Patent Classification (IPC) or national	tional classification and IPC				
INV. C01G39/00 C01G41/00 C01G1/					
Applicant JOZEF STEFAN INSTITUTE					
This report is the international prelimation Authority under Article 35 and trans	minary examination report, esta smitted to the applicant accordi	ablished by this International Preliminary Examining ing to Article 36.			
2. This REPORT consists of a total of	2. This REPORT consists of a total of 5 sheets, including this cover sheet.				
<u> </u>	3. This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, comprising:				
sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis of this report and/or sheets containing rectifications authorized by this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions).					
Sheets which supersede beyond the disclosure ir Supplemental Box.	beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed, as indicated in item 4 of Box No. I and the				
	reau onlv) a total of (indicate tv	pe and number of electronic carrier(s)) , containing a			
sequence listing and/or table	es related thereto, in celectronic	c form only, as indicated in the Supplemental Box			
Helating to Sequence Listing	g (see Section 802 of the Admir	nistrative Instructions).			
4. This report contains indications rela	ting to the following items:				
Box No. I Basis of the repor	☐ Box No. I Basis of the report				
☐ Box No. II Priority	-				
☐ Box No. III Non-establishmen	it of opinion with regard to nove	elty, inventive step and industrial applicability			
☐ Box No. IV Lack of unity of inv					
Box No. V Reasoned statements applicability; citation	Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement				
Box No. VI Certain documents	s cited				
Box No. VII Certain defects in	☐ Box No. VII Certain defects in the international application				
☐ Box No. VIII Certain observation	ns on the international applicat	tion			
Date of submission of the demand	Date of co	ompletion of this report			
13.06.2005	28.03.2	006			
Name and mailing address of the international preliminary examining authority:	Authorize	d officer			
European Patent Office - P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL-2280 HV Rijswijk - Pays Bas Siehel F					
Tel. +31 70 340 - 2040 Tx: 31 65	1 epo nl				
Fax: +31 70 340 - 3016	Telephone	e No. +31 70 340-1016			
	(



INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No. PCT/EP2004/001870

				LAP2C Rec'd PCT/PTO 08 JUN 2006
	_	Box No. I	Basis of the report	
With regard to the language of the langua			d to the language , this report is based on t s otherwise indicated under this item.	he international application in the language in which it was
		☐ This reward	eport is based on translations from the origins is the language of a translation furnished for	nal language into the following language, or the purposes of:
		☐ put	ernational search (under Rules 12.3 and 23 dication of the international application (under Remational preliminary examination (under R	der Rule 12.4)
	2. With regard to the elements* of the international application, this report is based on (replacement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report):			
<u> </u>	~	Description	, Pages	
		1-22	as originally filed	
		Claims, Nur	nbers	
		1-31	received on 23.11.2004	with letter of 23.11.2004
		Drawings, S	heets	
		1-12	as originally filed	
و فوید	4		ence listing and/or any related table(s) - see	Supplemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing
	3.	<u> </u>	endments have resulted in the cancellation	of:
			description, pages claims, Nos.	
		☐ the o	drawings, sheets/figs	
,			sequence listing <i>(specify)</i> : table(s) related to sequence listing <i>(specify</i>	·}-
<i>}</i>				
	4.	nad not bee	oort has been established as if (some of) the nade, since they have been considered to all Box (Rule 70.2(c)).	e amendments annexed to this report and listed below o go beyond the disclosure as filed, as indicated in the
			lescription, pages laims, Nos.	
			frawings, sheets/figs	
		☐ the s	sequence listing (specify):	1.
			table(s) related to sequence listing (specify)	
		* If ite	m 4 applies, some or all of thes	e sheets may be marked "superseded "

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No. PCT/EP2004/001870

Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement

Novelty (N)

Yes: Claims

No:

No:

Claims

Claims

1-33

Inventive step (IS)

Yes: Claims

1-33

Industrial applicability (IA)

Yes: Claims

1-33

No: Claims

2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7):

see separate sheet

AP20 Rec'd PCT/PTO 08 JUN 2006 International application No.

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY (SEPARATE SHEET)

PCT/EP2004/001870

Re Item V.

- 1 The following documents are referred to in this communication:
 - D1: DATABASE CHEMABS CHEMICAL ABSTRACTS SERVICE, COLUMBUS, OHIO, US; AN 99:46283 CA 12 May 1984 (1984-05-12), C. PERRIN, M. SERGENT, J.C. PILET, F. LE TRAON, A. LE TRAON: "Structure-property relations in new Mo(III) and Mo(II) chalcohalogenides with Mo4 and Mo6 clusters" XP002283920
 - D2: DATABASE CHEMICAL ABSTRACTS CHEMICAL ABSTRACTS SERVICE, COLUMBUS, OHIO, US; AN 98:170737 12 May 1984 (1984-05-12), C. PERRIN, M. POTEL, M. SERGENT: "Molybdenum bromide sulfide (Mo6Br6S3): a new two-dimensional compound with octahedral Mo6-Clusters" XP002283921
 - D3: M. REMSKAR, MRZEL, R. SANJINES, H. COHEN, F. LÉVY: "Metallic Sub-Nanometer MoS(2-x)I(y) Nanotubes" ADVANCED MATERIAL, vol. 15, no. 3, 2003, pages 237-240, XP002283919

NOVELTY:

The document D1 discloses the compound $Mo_6S_3Br_6$ (x+y=9), the structure comprising Mo_6 -Clusters and $[Mo_6S_4Br_4]$ -units. However, as D2 shows, the structure of $Mo_6S_3Br_6$ is a layered (i.e. two dimensional) one build up by $[Mo_6L_8]$ -Units.

The subject-matter of claim 1 is therefore new (Article 33(2) PCT).

INVENTIVE STEP:

- 2.1. The document D1 is regarded as being the closest prior art to the subject-matter of claim 1, and discloses the compound Mo₆S₃Br₆ (x+y=9), which, as it is proven by D2, has a layered structure, from which the subject-matter of claim 1 differs in that the compounds are grown in form of nanowires, nanoropes, nanorods, whiskers or needles.
- 2.2. The problem to be solved by the present invention can be considered as to provide compounds of the formula $Mo_6S_yI_z$, 8.2<y+z<10 for use in nano-electrochemical



devices or sensors.

- 2.3. The solution proposed in claim 1 of the present application can be considered as involving an inventive step (Art. 33(3) PCT) for the following reasons:
- 2.4. D1 teaches, that a composition Mo₆S_yI_z, (x+y=10 or 12) cristallizes in form of extremely fragile needles, which due to their fragility would not be suitable for use in nano-electrochemical devices or sensors, even if they would have the necessary electrochemical properties. Document D3 discloses a Mo₆S_{2-y}I_z with a nanotube structure, however, the stoechiometry is different to the one claimed in the present application.
 - Therefore it appears, that the cited prior art does not give a hint or an advice of providing a compound $Mo_6S_yI_z$, 8.2<y+z<10 with a nanowire or nanotube structure suitable for use in a nano-electrochemical devices and sensors.
- 3. Claims 2-33 are dependent on or refer to claim 1 and as such also meet the requirements of the PCT with respect to novelty and inventive step.

Claims

1. A material of the general formula $M_6C_yH_z$, wherein Midesignates a transition metal, C designates a chalcogen, H designates a halogen, and wherein y and z may be of from 0 to 10 such that 8.2 < y + z < 10, grown in the form of nanowires, nano-ropes, nanorods, whiskers or needles and obtainable by a process comprising the steps of mixing the constituent elements in the desired mass ratio, placing them in an appropriate container, evacuating the container and heating it to a temperature above 1000 °C for a predetermined length of time.

10

5

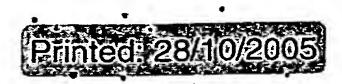
- 2. The material according to claim 1, wherein M is a transition metal selected from the group consisting of Mo, W, V, Ti, Ta, Nb, Zn, Hf, Re and Ru.
- 3. The material according to claim 1 or 2, wherein M represents a mixture of two or more

... claim

- 2.4. The material according to preceding claims, wherein C = S, Se, Te.
- 3.8. The material according to preceding claims, wherein C represents a mixture of two or more chalcogens.
- 4 \$\mathcal{B}\$. The material according any of the preceding claims, wherein the halogen H= I, Br, Cl or F.
- 25 § 7. The material according to preceding claims, wherein H represents a mixture of two or more halogens.
- 68. The material according to any of the preceding claims, wherein 0 < y < 10, 0 < z < 10 and $8.2 \le y + z < 10$.

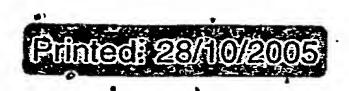
DEST AVAILABLE CONT







- 7.2. The material according to any of the preceding claims, wherein H may be replaced by an ion elected from the group consisting of elements in the groups III-VIII.
- The material according to any of the preceding claims, additionally containing intercalated or interstitial ions, atoms or molecules, selected from the group consisting of alkali metals, alkaline-earth metals, transition metals, elements belonging to groups III-VIII and any organic donors or acceptors.
- 9.16. The material according to any of the preceding claims exhibiting a substantially circular cross-section.
 - 1012. The material according to any of the preceding claims, which is superconducting.
 - 11). The material according to any of the preceding claims, which is metallic or semiconducting.
 - 12.4. A method for the production of a material according to any of the claims 1 to 11, which comprises the steps of (i) mixing of the individual constituent elements, (ii) heating in a sealed container under reduced pressure, (iii) heating above a temperature of 1000 C or more for any duration of time.
 - 13/5. The method according to claim 11, wherein the elements themselves are replaced by compounds of those elements such as MoS₂ for example.
 - 25/416. Use of a material according to any of the preceding claims in electronic, chemical, optical or mechanical applications.
 - The use of a material according to any of the claims 1 to 23 as a catalyst in dry form or in suspension or as a catalytic component.
 - 16 18. The use according to claim 16, wherein said use of said material is selected from the





25

group consisting of a use in a field-emission device, in a superconducting application, in a proximity-coupled network, in a quantum interference network, in devices incorporating said material in 2-, 3-, 4- or multi-terminal configuration, and a use for enhancing electrical, optical, magnetic, mechanical and tribological properties of polymers and glasses by incorporating said material in said polymers and glasses.

The use according to claim 16, said material being used as a lubricating agent, optionally in combination with one or more further compounds, in particular oils.

A method of varying the material characteristics of a material according to any of the claims 1 to 13, said method comprising the steps of selecting composition parameters y and z, and/or incorporating dopants or substituents in said material.

An electric device comprising

at least one material or material bundle arranged on a substrate, said material being a material according to any of the claims 1 to 13; and

at least one contact arranged on said substrate and passing over said at least one material or material bundle, said at least one contact being connected with or connectable to circuitry of the device.

The device of claim 21, said device detecting physical or chemical influences acting on said at least one material or material bundle and/or said at least one contact.

The device of claim 22, said device being adapted to detect physical or chemical influences selected from the group consisting of influences due to molecules attaching to and/or coming into contact with said at least one material or material bundle or said contact(s), light of different wavelengths, and mechanical influences.

A method of arranging a material according to any of the claims 1 to 15 in a electric device, said method comprising the steps of

: STAVAILABLE CC:

arranging at least one material or material bundle on a substrate; providing said at least one material or material bundle with one or more contacts, at least one of said one or more contacts being in connection with or connectable to circuitry of said electric device.

5 23

15

25

30

An array comprising

at least one material or material bundle, said material being a material according to any of the claims 1 to 13, said at least one material or material bundle being provided on a substrate, the length axis of said at least one material or material bundle extending essentially non-parallel to said substrate,

said at least one material or material bundle being provided with a molecule on the end distant from said substrate.

24
26. The array of claim 25, wherein said at least one material or material bundle is attached to said substrate or attached to a template arranged on said substrate.

23
27. The array of claim 25, wherein said molecule is attached via a particle, preferably via a gold particle, to said at least one material or material bundle.

26
28. Use of an array according to any of the claims 25 to 27 for detecting a binding of a molecule to said molecule provided on said at least one material or material bundle.

A method of arranging an array, said method comprising providing at least one material or material bundle, said material being a material according to any of the claims 1 to 23,

arranging said at least one material or material bundle on a substrate or on a template on a substrate, the length axis of said material or material bundle extending essentially non-parallel to the surface of said substrate and/or said template on said substrate, and attaching a molecule to the end of said at least one material or material bundle remote from said substrate.

TOT ENDHABIE COON



Use of a material according to any of the claims 1 to 13 for electric applications, said material being connected to or integrated in electric circuitry.

27

29

Material according to any of the claims 1 to 13, said material being a nanowire, nanorope, nanorod, whisker or needle provided on one end thereof with a molecule.

30

5

32. Material according to claim 37, said material being a sensor.

31

Composition comprising a material according to any of the claims 1 to 15 and one or more materials selected from the group consisting of superconducting compound, lubricating compound, oil, polymer, glass, and gaseous compound.

